

**Women's Proposal for Solving  
Environmental Problems  
in Asia and the Pacific**

Adopted by  
**Women's Conference on Environment  
in Asia and the Pacific**  
September 3, 2000  
in Kitakyushu, Japan

Submitted to  
**The ESCAP Ministerial Conference on Environment  
and Development (MCED)**  
September 5, 2000  
in Kitakyushu, Japan

Read by **Mihoko Ejiri**  
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**Member of Board of Directors, Kitakyushu Forum on Asian Women (KFAW)**

**Distinguished Ministers, Ladies and Gentlemen,**

**It is a great pleasure for me to address this ESCAP Ministerial Conference on Environment and Development (MCED). On behalf of Women's Conference on Environment in Asia and the Pacific, held on September 3, 2000 at the International Conference Center in Kitakyushu City, I would like to thank you for providing this opportunity to express women's voices.**

**We, 800 participants of the Women's Conference on Environment in Asia and the Pacific organized by Kitakyushu Forum on Asian Women (KFAW) and Japan Women's Global Environment Network International (GENKI) on September 3, 2000, submit our proposal to the ESCAP Ministerial Conference on Environment and Development (MCED).**

**We call for the governments in Asia and the Pacific to reconfirm and to renew their commitment to Agenda 21, especially Chapter 24, and the Beijing Platform for Action, particularly Section K on Women and Environment, and the so-called Outcome Document adopted at "Women 2000", the Twenty Third Special Session of the UN General Assembly.**

**We propose that gender equality and gender perspectives are essential to protect the environment in Asia and the Pacific. We believe that women's participation in decision-making processes at all levels is crucial to solve the environmental problems. Women's environmental rights should be always at the heart of environmental policies.**

**We advocate ensuring citizen's access to information on advanced technologies, such as genetic engineering. We encourage increasing women's literacy about sciences and advanced and traditional technologies. Equal rights to information should be guaranteed for men and women.**

**We value women's traditional and customary knowledge and skills to protect the environment and human health. We recognize women as managers of natural resources and biodiversity. However, their labor in natural resource management should not be treated as cheap or unpaid, but should be used for their own benefit**

and well-being. We support organic agriculture as a tried, tested, and environmentally sound way to meet people's need for adequate and safe food, which should not be extinguished by corporate rights to profit and markets.

We stress that environmental impacts are different for men and women, so data should be collected by sex respectively. We demand that women's health rights should not be compromised. This includes the right to health services and sexual and reproductive rights.

We advocate integrating gender perspectives into environmental education and training programs for educators. We request the governments to support people's efforts to build and strengthen international networks for sustainable consumption and recycling of resources.

We call on the world community to take actions against the adverse impacts of globalization on economic, environmental and health rights of women, especially reproductive health rights. We are particularly concerned about the destitution of women and the sexual trafficking in women and children due to economic and environmental displacement. The forces of globalization and the gender blind privatization of vital resources accelerate this tendency.

We emphasize that priority should be given to women in poverty, especially in developing countries. We urge donor governments to increase their access to resources for empowerment and basic human needs in the international cooperation for development, mainstreaming gender perspectives. We propose to construct a new economic system, based on fair trade and people's needs, so that women, children and the earth are protected.

We urge that the ESCAP Ministerial Conference on Environment and Development to reflect this women's voice to the Regional Massages for the Rio+ 10 and the Regional Action Program for Environmentally Sound and Sustainable Development, 2001-2005.